Amendments to the Claims:

The following claims will replace all prior versions of the claims in this application (in the unlikely event that no claims follow herein, the previously pending claims will remain):

- 1-60. (Cancelled).
- 61. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ A''_n$$

in a physiologically acceptable carrier;

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n + m < 4 and q + r < 4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that p + s < 5; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 ''''; -

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2 Z'; - CO_2 R"; -NH₂; -NH₂"; -NH₂"; -OH; -OR"; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

R'''' independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR₂'''' represents a cyclic moiety.;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_{1} - C_{20} acylamino; C_{1} - C_{20} acyloxy; C_{1} - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_{1} - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_{1} - C_{20} alkoxy; C_{1} - C_{20} alkylamino; C_{1} - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

62. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 61, wherein R' represents -CO₂R''', CO₂Z' or -CONR₂''''.

- 63. (Cancelled).
- 64. (Cancelled).
- 65. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 61, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 66. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 62, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 67. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 115, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 68. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 117, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 69. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 61, wherein the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 70. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 61, wherein at least one A group represents methoxy.
- 71. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 62, wherein at least two A groups represent a hydrogen atom.
- 72. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 70, wherein at least two A groups represent a hydrogen atom.
- 73. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 116 wherein said A group represents methoxy.
- 74. (Previously presented) The method of claim 118 wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion is selected from sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium, tromethamine, or tetramethylammonium.

- 75. (Previously presented) The method of claim 70 wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion is selected from sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium, tromethamine, or tetramethylammonium.
- 76. (Currently amended). A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound represented by the following formula 1:

in a physiologically acceptable carrier;

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B";

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n+m<4 and q+r<4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that p+s<5; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -NHR'''; - NH_2 '''; -OH; -OR'''; - OHR_2 ''''; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR₂"" represents a cyclic moiety.;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylcarboxylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

- 77. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 76, wherein R' represents -CO₂R''', -CO₂Z' or -CONR₂''''.
- 78. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 133 wherein R" represents methyl.
- 79. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 137 wherein both R"" are the same and represent a hydrogen atom, methyl, or methoxy.
- 80. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 76, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.
- 81. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 77, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.
- 82. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 133, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.
- 83. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 135, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.
- 84. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 76, wherein the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 85. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 77, wherein at least one A group represents methoxy.
- 86. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 77, wherein at least two A groups represent a hydrogen atom.
- 87. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 85, wherein at least two A groups represent a hydrogen atom.

- 88. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 134 wherein said A group represents methoxy.
- 89. (Previously presented) The method of claim 136 wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion is selected from sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium, tromethamine, or tetramethylammonium.
- 90. (Previously presented) The method of claim 85 wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion is selected from sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium, tromethamine, or tetramethylammonium.
- 91. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A^{"}_{n} \\ B^{"}_{m} \end{bmatrix} X$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

in a physiologically acceptable carrier;

wherein Z is

$$A_{p_{\lambda}}$$
 R

or

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n + m < 4 and q + r < 4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that p + s < 5; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl; -CO₂Z'; -CO₂R'''; -NH₂; -NHR'''; -NR₂'''; -OH; -OR'''; -CONR₂''''; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C2-C20 alkenyl;

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl; -CO₂Z'; -CO₂R'"; -NH₂; -NHR""; -NR₂""; -OR""; -CONR₂""; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_I-C₂₀ alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl; -CO₂Z'; -CO₂R'"; -NH₂; -NHR""; -NR₂""; -OH; -OR""; halogen atom; Page 10

optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

R'''' independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR₂'''' represents a cyclic moiety.;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

- 92. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 91, wherein R' represents -CO₂R'", CO₂Z' or -CONR₂'".
- 93. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 150 wherein R" represents methyl.
- 94. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 154 wherein both R"" are the same and represent a hydrogen atom, methyl, or methoxy.

- 95. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 91, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.
- 96. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 92, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 97. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 150, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.
- 98. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 152, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 99. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 92, wherein the bond labeled "a" represents a single bond.
- 100. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 92, wherein at least one A group represents methoxy.
- 101. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 92, wherein at least two A groups represent a hydrogen atom.
- 102. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 100, wherein at least two A groups represent a hydrogen atom.
- 103. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 151 wherein said A group represents methoxy.
- 104. (Previously presented) The method of claim 153 wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion is selected from sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium, tromethamine, or tetramethylammonium.
- 105. (Previously presented) The method of claim 100 wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion is selected from sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium, tromethamine, or tetramethylammonium.

106. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \end{bmatrix} X$$

$$R''$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

in a physiologically acceptable carrier;

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n + m < 4 and q + r < 4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that p + s < 5; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 '''

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R"' independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

- 107. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 106, wherein R' represents -CO₂R''' or CO₂Z'.
- 108. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 106, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 109. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 107, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.

110. (Currently amended). A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix}$$

in a physiologically acceptable carrier;

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B";

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n + m < 4 and q + r < 4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that p + s < 5; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; -

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R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C₁-C₂₀ acylamino; C₁-C₂₀ acyloxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkanoyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxycarbonyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylcarboxylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

111. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \end{bmatrix} X$$

$$R''$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

in a physiologically acceptable carrier;

wherein Z is

or
$$A_p$$
 C R' B_s

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n + m < 4 and q + r < 4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that p + s < 5; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -NHR'''; - NH_2 ''; -OH; -OR''';

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halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; $-CO_2Z'$; $-CO_2R'''$; $-NH_2$; $-NH_2$ "; $-NH_2$ "; $-NH_2$ "; -OR'''; $-CONR_2$ "; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R'' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 '''

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

112. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective

amount of 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxothiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylic acid in a physiologically acceptable carrier.

- 113. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylamide in a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 114. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of 5-(4-(4-(1-carbomethoxy-2-(3,5-dimethoxy phenyl)-ethenyl)-phenoxy)-benzyl)-2,4-thiazolidinedione in a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 115. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 62 wherein R' represents –CO₂R'''.
- 116. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 115 wherein R" represents methyl.
- 117. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 62 wherein R' represents –CO₂Z'.
- 118. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 117 wherein Z' is a pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion.
- 119. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 62 wherein R' represents –CONR₂''".
- 120. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 119 wherein at least one R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom, methyl or methoxy.
- 121. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 119, wherein both R"" are the same and represent a hydrogen atom, methyl, or methoxy.

- 122. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 119, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 123. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 61 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond.
- 124. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 69 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond.
- 125. (Previously presented) A method of claim 67 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 126. (Previously presented) A method of claim 68 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 127. (Previously presented) A method of claim 119 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 128. (Previously presented) A method of claim 62 wherein at least two A groups represent methoxy.
- 129. (Previously presented) A method of claim 61 wherein A' and B' represent hydrogen atoms.
- 130. (Previously presented) A method of claim 61 wherein A" and B" represent hydrogen atoms.
- 131. (Previously presented) A method of claim 61 wherein A', A'', B' and B'' all represent hydrogen atoms.
- 132. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 125 wherein A', A", B' and B" all represent hydrogen atoms.

- 133. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 77 wherein R' represents CO₂R'''.
- 134. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 133 wherein R" represents methyl.
- 135. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 77 wherein R' represents CO₂Z'.
- 136. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 135 wherein Z' is a pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion.
- 137. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 136 wherein R' represents CONR₂"".
- 138. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 137 wherein at least one R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom, methyl or methoxy.
- 139. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 137, wherein both R"" are the same and represent a hydrogen atom, methyl, or methoxy.
- 140. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 76 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond.
- 141. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 84 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond.
- 142. (Previously presented) A method of claim 133 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 143. (Previously presented) A method of claim 135 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.

- 144. (Previously presented) A method of claim 137 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 145. (Previously presented) A method of claim 77 wherein at least two A groups represent methoxy.
- 146. (Previously presented) A method of claim 76 wherein A' and B' represent hydrogen atoms.
- 147. (Previously presented) A method of claim 76 wherein A" and B" represent hydrogen atoms.
- 148. (Previously presented) A method of claim 76 wherein A', A", B' and B" all represent hydrogen atoms.
- 149. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 133 wherein A', A", B' and B" all represent hydrogen atoms.
- 150. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 92 wherein R' represents CO_2R ".
- 151. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 150 wherein R" represents methyl.
- 152. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 92 wherein R' represents CO₂Z'.
- 153. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 152 wherein Z' is a pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion.
- 154. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 92 wherein R' represents CONR₂"".

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- 155. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 154 wherein at least one R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom, methyl or methoxy.
- 156. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 155 wherein both R"" are the same and represent a hydrogen atom, methyl, or methoxy.
- 157. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 154, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 158. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 91 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond.
- 159. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 99 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond.
- 160. (Previously presented) A method of claim 150 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 161. (Previously presented) A method of claim 152 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 162. (Previously presented) A method of claim 154 wherein the bond labeled "b" in formula I represents a double bond and the bond labeled "a" in formula I represents a single bond.
- 163. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 107 wherein R' represents CO₂R'".
- 164. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 163 wherein R" represents methyl.

- 165. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 107 wherein R' represents CO₂Z'.
- 166. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 165 wherein Z' is a pharmaceutically acceptable counter ion.
- 167. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 163, wherein X is –S- and X' is >NH.
- 168. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 165, wherein X is -S- and X' is >NH.
- 169. (Previously presented) A method of treating diabetes comprising the steps of administering to a subject suffering from a diabetic condition, a therapeutically effective amount of 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-N,N-dimethyl-acrylamide, a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 170. (Previously presented) A method of claim 62 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of
- 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylic acid.
- 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylamide,
- 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-N,N-dimethyl-acrylamide,
- 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-N-methoxy,-N-methyl-acrylamide,
- 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylidenemethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-propionic acid methyl ester,
- 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylidenemethyl)-phenoxy}-phenyl}-acrylic acid methyl ester,
- 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-propionic acid,

phenyl}-propionic acid methyl ester.

3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolid in-5-ylidenemethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-propionic acid,
3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylidenemethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylic acid, and
3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-